# INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

# ISO/IEC 23001-10

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Information technology systems technologies

Part 10:

Carriage of timed metadata metrics of media in ISO base media file format

AMENDMENT 1: Support for contentguided transcoding and spatial relationship of immersive media

Technologies de l'information — Technologies des systèmes MPEG — Partie 10: Transport de métriques de métadonnées de temporisation de supports au format de fichier de support en base ISO

AMENDEMENT 1: Support pour transcodage guidé par le contenu et relation spatiale des média immersifs

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This document was prepared by Joint Technical Committee ISO/IEC JTC 1, *Information technology*, Subcommittee SC 29, *Coding of audio, picture, multimedia and hypermedia information*.

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## Information technology — MPEG systems technologies —

## Part 10:

Carriage of timed metadata metrics of media in ISO base media file format

AMENDMENT 1: Support for content-guided transcoding and spatial relationship of immersive media

5.2.2

Replace:

"The decoder power indication metadata sample entry shall be as follows."

with:

"The decoder-power indication metadata uses the following sample entry:"

Replace:

"The decoder-power indication sample shall conform to the following syntax:"

with:

"The decoder-power indication samples use the following syntax:"

5.3.2.2

Replace:

"Display power indication metadata shall use the following sample entry:

with

"The display-power indication metadata uses the following sample entry:

Replace:

"The display power indication sample shall use the following syntax"

with:

"The decoder-power indication samples use the following syntax:"

5.3.3.2

Replace:

"The display fine control metadata sample entry shall store static metadata as follows."

## ISO/IEC 23001-10:2020/Amd.1:2021(E)

with:

"The display fine control metadata uses the following sample entry:"

Replace:

"The display fine control metadata sample shall use the following syntax:"

with:

"The display fine control metadata samples use the following syntax:"

Clause 6

Add new Clauses 7 and 8 at the end of Clause 6 as follows:

## 7 Carriage of timed metadata for content-guided transcoding

## 7.1 General

301-10:2020 | Amd 1:2021 The metadata provide metrics on the streams that may be produced by a transcoding task. The metadata are encapsulated into timed metadata tracks of ISOBMFF file. Two types of sample entry are proposed to match two use-cases of content-guided transcoding. For an optimal usage of the metadata, the metadata producer needs to be informed of the transcoding function that is used in the network. The detailed description of the transcoding function is out of scope of this specification.

The timed metadata track is linked to the track it describes by means of a 'cdsc' (content describes) track reference. The synchronisation of metadata when using CMAF standard is based on the same timed metadata tracks.

## 7.2 Recommended video format metadata

## 7.2.1 Definition

Sample Entry Type: 'rvrf'

Container: Sample Description Box ('stsd')

Mandatory: No

Quantity: 0 or 1

This metadata indicates the recommended video resolution and frame rate at different bitrates over the sample duration.

## **7.2.2** Syntax

Recommended Video Format Metadata use the following sample entry:

```
class RecVideoFormatMetaDataSampleEntry()
     extends MetaDataSampleEntry ('rvrf')
   RecVideoFormatConfigurationBox();
class Device () {
  unsigned int(5) device class;
  unsigned int(3) reserved = 0;
  unsigned int(32) codec type;
  unsigned int(8) codec profile;
aligned(8) class RecVideoFormatConfigurationBox
    extends FullBox('rvfc', version = 0, flags = 0) {
   unsigned int(5) num_devices;
```

```
unsigned int(3) reserved = 0;
unsigned int(4) num bitrates;
unsigned int(3) reserved = 0;
unsigned int(1) rate_ctl_type;
unsigned int(8) max peak bitrate var from avg;
for (i = 1; i <= num devices; i++) {
   Device dev[i];
for (i = 1; i \le num bitrates; i++)
   unsigned int(16) bitrate[i];
```

```
class RecVideoFormatMetaDataSample (int num_devices, int num_bitrates) for (i = 1; i <= num_devices; i++)
    for (j = 1; j <= num_bitrates; j++)
        VideoFormat rec_video_fmt[i][j];

7.2.3 Semantics

device_class specifies a service-related identifier for a class of data:
should be used to signal an unknown device class it-
'he code points of +1-
'he code points of +1-
'revi''
```

should be used to signal an unknown device class. It should be used when a service provider does not

The code points of the device class are not defined in this document, except for the value 0. A service provider is free to define and use a number of arbitrarily defined code points as long as they are correctly handled within its service. The registration of code points commercially relevant across different services is outside of the scope of this version of the document.

codec type specifies the coding standard (using the four character code, defined in ISO/IEC 14496-15) for which metadata apply.

codec profile specifies the profile of the coded representations for which metadata apply.

num devices specifies the number of devices for which metadata apply. num bitrates specifies the number of bitrates for which metadata apply.

rate ctl type specifies the type of rate control in the transcoding operation: 0 for Constant Bitrate, 1 for Variable Capped bitrate.

max\_peak\_bitrate var\_from\_avg specifies the maximum variation in percentage of peak bitrate measured on a segment duration from the average bitrate measured on segment durations over a long period of time (for VOD, the period of time is the full duration; for live/linear, it is about one hour). When rate otl type is 0, max peak bitrate var from avg shall be set to 0.

dev specifies the device for which metadata apply and is characterized by its device class and supported codec type and codec profile.

Sitrate specifies the constant or capped bitrate of the video representation in kbits/s, measured on a segment duration.

picture width specifies the width of the picture in units of luma samples.

picture height specifies the height of the picture in units of luma samples.

frame rate specifies the number of frame pictures over 256 seconds.

rec video fmt specifies the recommended video format, through picture\_width, picture\_height and frame rate indications, for each device and bitrate.

## 7.3 Bitrate shaping metadata

## 7.3.1 General

Sample Entry Type: 'vbrs'

Container: Sample Description Box ('stsd')

Mandatory: No

Quantity: 0 or 1

This metadata indicates the minimum bitrate for a given video format to offer the optimal quality over the sample duration.

## **7.3.2** Syntax

Bitrate Shaping Metadata use the following sample entry:

```
quality quality of Isolife 23001.70.2020 Annot have; of Isolife 23001.70.2020 Annot have the solife and the sol
class BitrateShapingMetaDataSampleEntry()
                        extends MetaDataSampleEntry ('brsh')
              BitRateShapingConfigurationBox();
aligned(8) class BitRateShapingConfigurationBox
              extends FullBox('brsC', version = 0, flags = 0) {
              unsigned int(5) num_devices;
              unsigned int (3) reserved = 0;
              unsigned int(3) num video formats;
              unsigned int(4) reserved = 0;
unsigned int(1) rate_ctl_type;
              unsigned int(8) max peak bitrate var from avg;
               for (i = 1; i <= num_devices; i++) {
                             Device dev[i];
               for (i = 1; i <= num_video_formats; i++)</pre>
                             VideoFormat video_fmt[i];
```

The Bitrate Shaping samples use the following syntax:

```
class BitrateShapingMetaDataSample
    (int num_devices, int num_video_formats) {
for (i = 1; i <= num_devices, i++)</pre>
       for (j = 1; j <= num_video_formats; j++)</pre>
           unsigned int(16) min bitrate[i][j];
```

## 7.3.3 Semantics

num devices specifies the number of devices for which metadata apply.

num video formats specifies the number of video formats for which metadata apply. The video formats are described in a decreasing order of luma samples per second.

rate\_ct\_type specifies the type of rate control in the transcoding operation: 0 for Constant Bitrate, 1 for Variable Capped bitrate.

max peak bitrate var from avg specifies the maximum variation in percentage of peak bitrate measured on a segment duration from the average bitrate measured on segment durations over a long period of time (for VOD, the period of time is the full duration; for live/linear, it is about one hour). When rate ctl type is 0, max peak bitrate var from avg shall be set to 0.

dev specifies the device for which metadata apply and is characterized by its device class and supported codec type and codec profile.

video fmt specifies the video format through picture width, picture height and frame rate indications.

min bitrate specifies, for each device and video format, the minimum bitrate of the video representation in kbits/s, measured on a segment duration, to offer the optimal quality over this duration. This minimum bitrate is set in function of the rate control which applies in the transcoding operation as defined by rate ctl type and max peak bitrate var from avg.

## 8 Timed metadata for spatial relationships of immersive media

## 8.1 General

This clause defines metadata data structures for spatial sources (e.g., 3D bounding boxes) and regions within the sources of immersive media, especially visual volumetric video-based coding data (V3C), and their carriage in timed metadata tracks for signaling spatial relationship of the sources and regions.

# 8.2 Signalling of spatial relationship of spatial regions using 3d cartesian coordinates in timed :iC 23001-10:20201A metadata tracks

### 8.2.1 General

Sample Entry Type: '3dcc'

Container: Sample Description Box ('stsd')

Mandatory: No

Quantity: 0 or 1

The 3D Cartesian coordinates sample entry provides spatial information related to the referenced track expressed in a three-dimension Cartesian coordinate system.

Sync samples for ROI metadata tracks are samples for which the interpolate value is 0.

## **8.2.2** Syntax

```
aligned(8) class 3DCartesianCoordinatesSampleEntry
   extends MetadataSampleEntry ('3dco') {
   unsigned int(16) reference_width;
   unsigned int(16) reference height;
   unsigned int(16) reference depth;
aligned(8) class 3DCartesianCoordinatesSample() {
   unsigned int(16) top_left_near_x;
   unsigned int(16) top_left_near_y;
   unsigned int(16) top_left_near_z;
unsigned int(16) width;
unsigned int(16) height;
   unsigned int(16) depth;
   unsigned int(1) interpolate;
   unsigned int(7) reserved;
```

## 8.2.3 Semantics

reference\_width, reference\_height and reference\_depth give respectively the width, height and  $\sqrt{\text{epth of the reference cuboid space in which all ROI coordinates (top left near x, top left near y,$ op left near z, width, height and depth) are computed. These fields allow associating a ROI metadata track with immersive media tracks of different resolutions but representing the same visual source.

 $\verb|top_left_near_x|, & \verb|top_left_near_y|, & \verb|top_left_near_z| & \verb|give respectively| & \verb|the horizontal|, & \verb|vertical| & \verb|and| & \verb|left_near_z| & \verb|left_n$ stacked coordinate of the top-left-near corner of the cuboid region associated with the 3D media sample of the referenced track.

width, height and depth give respectively the width, height and depth of the cuboid region associated with the media sample of the referenced track.