INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 6405-2

Second edition 2017-02

Earth-moving machinery Symbols for operator controls and other displays —

Part 2:

Symbols for specific machines, equipment and accessories

Engins de terrassement — Symboles pour les commandes de l'opérateur et autres indications —

Partie 2: Symboles spécifiques aux engins, équipements et accessoires

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Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see www.iso.org/directives).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see www.iso.org/patents).

Any trade name used in this document is information given for the convenience of users and does not constitute an endorsement.

For an explanation on the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see the following URL: www.so.org/iso/foreword.html.

This document was prepared by Technical Committee ISO/TC 127, *Earth-moving machinery*, Subcommittee SC 3, *Machine characteristics, electrical and electronic systems, operation and maintenance*.

This second edition cancels and replaces the first edition (ISO 6405-2:1993), which has been technically revised with many new symbols added. It also incorporates the Amendments ISO 6405-2:1993/Amd 1:1997 and ISO 6405-2:1993/Amd 2:2004.

A list of all parts in the ISO 6405 series can be found on the ISO website.

Earth-moving machinery — Symbols for operator controls and other displays —

Part 2:

Symbols for specific machines, equipment and accessories

1 Scope

This document standardizes symbols for use on operator controls and other displays on specific types of earth-moving machinery as defined in ISO 6165.

NOTE 1 ISO 6405-1 covers common symbols that apply to multiple types of earth moving machinery.

NOTE 2 ISO 7000 and IEC 60417 can be consulted for additional internationally standardized symbols of potential relevance to earth-moving machinery.

2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 6165, Earth-moving machinery — Basic types Identification and terms and definitions

ISO 6405-1:2017, Earth-moving machinery Symbols for operator controls and other displays — Part 1: Common symbols

IEC 80416-1, Basic principles for graphical symbols for use on equipment — Part 1: Creation of graphical symbols for registration

ISO 80416-2, Basic principles for graphical symbols for use on equipment — Part 2: Form and use of arrows

IEC 80416-3, Basic principles for graphical symbols for use on equipment — Part 3: Guidelines for the application of graphical symbols

3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses:

- ISO Online browsing platform: available at www.iso.org/obp
- IEC Electropedia: available at <u>www.electropedia.org</u>

3.1

symbol

graphical symbol

visually perceptible figure used to transmit information independent of language

Note 1 to entry: It may be produced by drawing, printing, or other means. Letters, numerals, and mathematical symbols may be used as symbols or symbol elements. For some specific applications, groups of letters (for example, AUTO, STOP) are used as symbols or symbol elements.

Note 2 to entry: Letters and numerals are not registered by ISO/TC 145/SC 3 or published in ISO 7000 unless they are symbol elements embedded in graphical symbols.

3.2

icon

digital display icon

digitized (pixelated) representation of a graphical symbol, usually used on a reconfigurable electronic display screen or graphical user interface (GUI)

Note 1 to entry: A single symbol can be represented by multiple icons, each of a different size, pixel count, or colourization.

4 General

- **4.1** Except as indicated in subsequent clauses, symbols shall be used as shown in this document.
- **4.2** Selected symbols, which are shown in outline form in this document, may be filled in actual use for enhanced clarity of reproduction and improved visual perception by the operator, except as otherwise specified for individual symbols, and in accordance with IEC 80416-3.
- **4.3** Limitations inherent in some reproduction and display technologies can require increased line width or other minor modifications of symbols. Such modifications are allowed, provided that the symbol remains conceptually unchanged in its basic graphical elements and is easily discernible by the operator.
- **4.4** To improve the appearance and perceptibility of a graphical symbol, or to coordinate with the design of the equipment to which it is applied, it can be necessary to modify the symbol as indicated in IEC 80416-3 (for example, to change the line width or to round the corners of the symbol). Such modifications are allowed, provided that the essential perceptible characteristics of the symbol are maintained.
- **4.5** For actual use, all symbols shall be reproduced large enough to be easily discernible by the operator. Follow IEC 80416-3 for the proper sizing of symbols. Symbols grouped together in a display or on a set of controls should be scaled to the same degree relative to the corner marks of the symbol original as shown in this document in order to maintain the correct visual relationship among the symbols. Symbols shall be used in the orientation shown in this document, unless rotation or mirror imaging is specifically allowed for individual symbols.
- **4.6** Most symbols are constructed using a building block approach in which various symbols and symbol elements are combined in a logical manner to produce a new symbol.
- **4.7** In some cases, symbols may be used in conjunction, without being combined into a composite symbol, to convey the same meaning as the composite symbol.
- **4.8** Symbols are generally intended to replace a word or words with a graphical image that has the same meaning for all operators, regardless of their native language. However, the use of a graphical symbol to identify a control or display does not preclude the use of words in conjunction with that control or display.
- **4.9** If a symbol shows a machine or parts of a machine from a side view, a machine moving from right to left across the symbol area shall be assumed. If a symbol shows a machine or parts of a machine from an overhead view, a machine moving from bottom to top across the symbol area shall be assumed.
- **4.10** Symbols on controls and displays shall have a good contrast to their background. A white or light-coloured symbol on a black or dark-coloured background is preferred for most controls. Displays may use either a white or light-coloured symbol on a black or dark-coloured background or a black or dark-

coloured symbol on a white or light-coloured background, depending upon which alternative provides the best visual perception. When a symbol image is reversed (for example, from black-on-white to white-on-black or vice versa) this reversal shall be done for the entire symbol.

- **4.11** If symbols are cast, moulded, embossed, or stamped into a surface, the symbols shall be visually distinct from that surface without dependence on colour.
- **4.12** Symbols shall be located on or adjacent to the control or display that is being identified. Where more than one symbol is required for a control, the symbols shall be located in relation to the control such that movement of the control towards the symbols shall effect the function depicted by that symbol.
- **4.13** Arrows used in symbols shall conform to the requirements of ISO 80416-2. IEC 80416-1 shall be consulted for the general principles for creating symbol originals. IEC 80416-3 should be consulted for guidelines for the application of symbols.
- **4.14** ISO/IEC registration numbers are shown for symbols which are registered in ISO 7000 or IEC 60417.
- NOTE Symbol originals are approved and registered either by ISO/TC 145/SC 3 and published in ISO 7000 or by IEC/SC 3C and published in IEC 60417. In some cases, modified or application symbols, rather than the registered symbol originals, are standardized in this document.
- **4.15** When letters or numerals are used in a symbol, the font shown shall not be considered definitive. Other fonts may be used so long as the letters and numerals remain legible.
- **4.16** Symbols in this document are shown within marks that delimit the corners of the 75 mm square basic pattern from IEC 80416-1. Corner marks are not part of the symbol, but are provided to ensure consistent presentation of all symbol graphics.

5 Colour

When used on illuminated displays, the following colours shall have the meanings indicated:

- red denotes a failure, serious malfunction, or operating condition that requires immediate attention;
- yellow or amber denotes a condition outside normal operating limits;
- green denotes a normal operating condition.

6 Development of new symbols

- **6.1** Prior to developing a new symbol, a search should be conducted for previously standardized symbols with the same or similar meaning to what is needed. ISO 7000 and IEC 60417 (both available in database form) are compilations of internationally standardized symbols which can be useful both for finding appropriate symbols that do not appear in ISO 6405 and for generating concepts that can be used in the development of new symbols.
- **6.2** New symbols shall be developed in accordance with the principles of ISO 6405-1:2017, Annex A. IEC 80416-1 should be consulted for general principles for the creation of symbols. Arrows shall be in accordance with ISO 80416-2. Different arrow forms have different meanings according to ISO 80416-2. Care should be taken to use the correct arrow form. Following the guidelines of ISO 6405-1:2017, Annex A makes possible the development of symbols appropriate in graphical form and content for international standardization and ISO 7000 registration.

6.3 Symbols proposed for standardization in this document shall include a short explanation of the function or expected use of the symbol.

NOTE IEC 80416–1 uses the term "description" for this type of information and provides guidelines for writing descriptions for symbols intended for standardization in ISO 7000 or IEC 60417. The descriptions for symbols standardized in this document can serve as examples.

7 Adaptation of symbols as digital display icons

Symbols can be adapted for use as digital display icons on visual display units, reconfigurable displays, or other electronic displays. Such adaptations should follow the principles of ISO 80416-4. Special care should be taken to ensure that digital display icons preserve the visual impression of the symbol from which the icon is adapted. The same principles regarding use of colour with symbols apply to the use of colour with digital display icons.

8 General machine and equipment symbols

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
8.1	Г	Area worked	ISO 7000-1657
		To indicate the area that has been worked by a machine.	
		To identify the control for specifying an area.	
		*//e	
8.2	Г ¬	Area worked per hour	ISO 7000-1658
	/// /\	To indicate the area that has been worked by a machine per hour of operation.	
		Click	
8.3	Г	Work distance travelled	ISO 7000-2177
		To indicate the distance that has been travelled by a machine during work.	
8.4	r 24	Rockshaft	ISO 7000-1566
		To identify the control for the rockshaft of a machine; the rockshaft raises or lowers the implement or equipment attached to it.	
	5	To indicate the operational status of the rockshaft.	
		The horizontal ground line may be deleted if in context, the symbol meaning remains clear.	
8.5	Г о ¬	Rockshaft, up; rockshaft, raise	ISO 7000-1567
		To identify the control that raises the rockshaft.	
	((()	To indicate that the rockshaft is being raised or is in the raised (up) position.	
		The horizontal ground line may be deleted if in context, the symbol meaning remains clear.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
8.6		Rockshaft, down; rockshaft, lower	ISO 7000-1568
	, 3	To identify the control that lowers the rockshaft.	
	6	To indicate that the rockshaft is being lowered or is in the lowered (down) position.	
		The horizontal ground line may be deleted if in context, the symbol meaning remains clear.	
8.7		Rockshaft, float	ISO 7000-1660
		To identify the control that allows the rockshaft to move up and down with the contour of the ground over which or through which the implement or equipment attached to the rockshaft moves.	2:2011
		To indicate that the rockshaft is in the float condition	
8.8		Rockshaft, upper limit	ISO 7000-2178
		To identify the control that sets the maximum height to which an implement can be raised by the rockshaft.	
	6/ 1	To indicate that the rockshaft is raised to its maximum height.	
		A machine symbol may be placed to the left of this symbol.	
		The horizontal ground line may be deleted if in context, the symbol meaning remains clear.	
8.9		Differential lock	ISO 7000-1662
		To identify the control for the differential lock, which forces both wheels on an axle to rotate at the same speed regardless of the traction available to either wheel individually while still allowing the wheels to rotate at different speeds when negotiating a turn.	
	6(To indicate the operational status of the differential lock.	
8.10	L	PTO; power take-off	ISO 7000-1572
		To identify the control for the power take-off (PTO) system.	
	2	To indicate the operational status of the PTO.	
-	DR -	Symbol may be used with a numerical indicator of rated PTO rotational speed.	
8.11		Power take-off (PTO), direction of rotation, clockwise	ISO 7000-1664
		To indicate that the PTO shaft rotates clockwise.	
		For anti-clockwise rotation, use the mirror image (see 8.12).	
		Direction of rotation is from the perspective of a person looking at the end of the PTO shaft.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
8.12		Power take-off (PTO), direction of rotation, anti-clockwise	Mirror image of ISO 7000–1664
		To indicate that the PTO shaft rotates anti-clockwise.	
		For clockwise rotation, use ISO 7000-1664 (see 8.11).	
		Direction of rotation is from the perspective of a person looking at the end of the PTO shaft.	
8.13		Power take-off (PTO), rotational speed	ISO 7000-3194
	4	To identify the control that sets or adjusts the rotational speed of the power take-off (PTO)	2017
	n/min	To indicate the rotational speed of the PTO.	0.30
	[1]/111111	Symbol element "n/min" may be replaced by a numerical indicator of PTO rated rotational speed.	105
8.14		Machine immobilizer	IS07000-3037
		To identify the control that immobilizes the machine to prevent its unintended or unauthorized movement.	,
		To indicate that the machine is in the immobilized condition.	
	STANDARDS	SO. COM. Click to view the full P.	

6

9 Stabilizer symbols

	Grap	hical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
9.1		٦	Left stabilizer	Mirror image of
			To identify the equipment used to stabilize the machine to prevent movement of the machine during operation.	ISO 7000-2072
	_ -		To identify the control for operation of the left stabilizer.	
			If one control operates both the left and right stabilizers, use this symbol.	2017
			This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	2.1.
9.2	Г	٦	Right stabilizer	ISO 7000-2072
			To identify the equipment used to stabilize the machine to prevent movement of the machine during operation.	
			To identify the control for operation of the right stabilizer.	
			If one control operates both the left and right stabilizers, use symbol in 9.1.	
			This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
9.3			Left stabilizer, up; left stabilizer, raise	ISO 7000-2073
	→		To identify the control that raises the left stabilizer.	
	_		To indicate that the left stabilizer is being raised or is in the raised (up) position.	
		7(If one control raises both the left and right stabilizers, use this symbol.	
		05150·	This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
9.4		7	Left stabilizer, down; left stabilizer, lower	ISO 7000-2074
	OK		To identify the control that raises the right stabilizer.	
	CIAN.		To indicate that the right stabilizer is being lowered or is in the lowered (down) position.	
		٦	If one control lowers both the left and right stabilizers, use this symbol.	
			This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
9.5	Г_ ¬	Right stabilizer, up; right stabilizer raise	ISO 7000-1292
		To identify the control that lowers the right stabilizer.	
	1	To indicate that the right stabilizer is being raised or is in the raised (up) position.	
		If one control raises both the left and right stabilizers, use ISO 7000–2073 (see 9.3).	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	~~
9.6	r_ \ ¬	Right stabilizer, down; right stabilizer, lower	ISO 7000-1291
		To identify the control that raises the right stabilizer.	Kol.
	<u></u>	To indicate that the right stabilizer is being lowered or is in the lowered (down) position.	640,2
		If one control lowers both the left and right stabilizers, use ISO 7000–2074 (see 9.4).	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
9.7	Г	Left stabilizer, extend	Application of
	L/	To identify the control that extends the left stabilizer to provide a wider stance of the machine for greater stability during operation.	ISO 7000-2075
		To indicate that the left stabilizer is being extended or is in the extended position.	
		If one control extends both the left and right stabilizers, use this symbol.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	

8

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
9.8	Г ¬	Left stabilizer, retract	Application of
	15	To identify the control that retracts the left stabilizer.	ISO 7000-2076
		To indicate that the left stabilizer is being retracted or is in the retracted position.	
		If one control retracts both the left and right stabilizers, use this symbol.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	N
9.9	Г	Right stabilizer, extend	Application of
		To identify the control that extends the right stabilizer to provide a wider stance of the machine for greater stability during operation.	1. 1SO 7000-1536
		To indicate that the right stabilizer is being extended or is in the extended position.	
		If one control extends both the left and right stabilizers, use application of ISO 7000-2075 (see 9.7).	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
9.10	Г	Right stabilizer, retract	Application of
	31	To identify the control that retracts the right stabilizer.	ISO 7000-1537
	_ `	To indicate that the right stabilizer is being retracted or is in the retracted position.	
		If one control retracts both the left and right stabilizers, use application of ISO 7000–2076 (see 9.8).	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	

10 Outrigger symbols

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
10.1	Г	Left outrigger	Mirror image applica-
	- ↑	To identify the control for the left outrigger.	tion of ISO7000–2077
	I	If one control operates both the left and right outriggers, use this symbol	1307000 2077
		Use as the base symbol for developing left outrigger symbols.	<u> </u>
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	00/1
10.2	Г	Right outrigger	Application of
	—	To identify the control for the right outrigger.	ISO 7000-2077
	I	If one control operates both the left and right outriggers, use symbol in 10.1.	OK.
		Use as the base symbol for developing right outrigger symbols.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
10.3		Outrigger, left beam out, horizontal extension only	Application of
	ф 	To identify the control that extends the left beam away from the machine.	ISO 7000-2078
		To indicate that the left beam is extending horizontally away from the machine or has reached its extension limit.	
		To indicate the operational status of the left beam horizontal extension function.	
		If one control extends both left and right beams, use this symbol.	
	S	This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
10.4		Outrigger, left beam in, horizontal retraction only	Application of
		To identify the control that retracts the left beam toward the machine.	ISO 7000-2079
	SP -	To indicate that the left beam is retracting horizontally toward the machine or has reached its retraction limit.	
		To indicate the operational status of the left beam horizontal retraction function.	
		If one control retracts both left and right beams, use this symbol.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
10.5	$ \rightarrow $	Outrigger, right beam out, horizontal extension only	Application of ISO 7000-0746A
		To identify the control that extends the right beam away from the machine.	
		To indicate that the right beam is extending horizontally away from the machine or has reached its extension limit.	_
		To indicate the operational status of the right beam horizontal extension function.	2011
		If one control extends both left and right beams, use application of ISO 7000–2078 (see 10.3).	2.
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
10.6		Outrigger, right beam in, horizontal retraction only	Application of
	吟	To identify the control that retracts the right beam toward the machine.	ISO 7000-0747A
		To indicate that the right beam is retracting horizontally toward the machine or has reached its retraction limit.	
		To indicate the operational status of the right beam horizontal retraction function.	
		If one control retracts both left and right beams, use application of ISO 7000–2079 (see 10.4).	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
10.7	L	Outrigger, left jack down, vertical extension only	Application of
	1 P	To identify the control that extends the left jack down toward the ground.	ISO 7000-2080
		To indicate that the left jack is extending vertically down toward the ground or has reached its extension limit.	
. 6	XION .	To indicate the operational status of the left jack vertical extension function.	
S		If one control extends both left and right jacks, use this symbol.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
10.8	Г 📗 ¬	Outrigger, left jack up, vertical retraction only	Application of
	<u>^</u> -C	To identify the control that retracts the left jack up away from the ground.	ISO 7000-2081
		To indicate that the left jack is retracting vertically up away from the ground or has reached its retraction limit.	
		To indicate the operational status of the left jack vertical retraction function.	
		If one control retracts both left and right jacks, use this symbol.	0017
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	- NOS.7:.1
10.9		Outrigger, right jack down, vertical extension only	Application of
	├ ├	To identify the control that extends the right jack down toward the ground.	ISO 7000-0750A
		To indicate that the right jack is extending vertically down toward the ground or has reached its extension limit.	
		To indicate the operational status of the right jack vertical extension function.	
		If one control extends both left and right jacks, use application of ISO 7000–2080 (see 10.7).	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
10.10	Г 📗 ¬	Outrigger, right jack down, vertical retraction only	Application of
	│ ○──<u></u> ╋ॣ	To identify the control that retracts the right jack up away from the ground.	ISO 7000-0751A
		To indicate that the right jack is retracting vertically up away from the ground or has reached its retraction limit.	
	205	To indicate the operational status of the right jack vertical retraction function.	
	ADA.	If one control retracts both left and right jacks, use application of ISO 7000–2081 (see 10.8).	
	SIR	This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
10.11		Outrigger, extend left beam and left jack	Mirror image of
	ф <u>.</u> _С	To identify the control that simultaneously extends the left beam and left jack.	ISO 7000-0738B
	$1 \frac{1}{4}$	To indicate that the left beam and left jack are extending simultaneously.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
10.12		Outrigger, extend right beam and right jack	ISO 7000-0738B
	→	To identify the control that simultaneously extends the right beam and right jack.	
	<u> </u>	To indicate that the right beam and right jack are extending simultaneously.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	1
10.13		Outrigger, retract left beam and left jack	Mirror image of
	<u>,</u> ♣ C	To identify the control that simultaneously retracts the left beam and left jack.	1\$0 7000-0739B
	<u></u>	To indicate that the left beam and left jack are retracting simultaneously.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
10.14		Outrigger, retract right beam and right jack	ISO 7000-0739B
	→	To identify the control that simultaneously retracts the right beam and right jack.	
	<u> </u>	To indicate that the right beam and right jack are retracting simultaneously.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
10.15	> <u>←</u>	Outrigger, retract left/right beams and left/right jacks; house all outriggers (stabilizers)	ISO 7000-2968
		To identify the control that simultaneously retracts left and right beams and left and right jacks.	
		To indicate that the left and right beams and the left and right jacks are retracting simultaneously.	
	, so.	To indicate the operational status of the overall beam and jack retraction function.	
	RDSIS	This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
10.16		Outrigger, extend left and right beams and left and right jacks; extend all outriggers (stabilizers)	ISO 7000-3552
SY		To indicate that all outriggers have been extended both horizontally and vertically.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	

11 Clamshell bucket symbols

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
11.1	¬	Clamshell bucket	ISO 7000-1494
		To identify the control for the bucket, which consists of two halves that open and close in the middle (like a clamshell) in order to grab and carry material.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking along the open-close axis of the clamshell bucket.	4
11.2		Clamshell bucket, open	ISO 7000-1495
	(X)	To identify the control that opens the bucket to empty material or to prepare to grab material.	25.7.10
	K A	To indicate that the bucket is opening or is in the open position.	6AO3
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking along the open-close axis of the clamshell bucket.	
11.3		Clamshell bucket, close	ISO 7000-1496
		To identify the control that closes the bucket to enclose material within the bucket.	
		To identify that the bucket is closing or is in the closed position.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking along the open-close axis of the clamshell bucket.	
11.4		Clamshell buckets rotate	ISO 7000-2082
		To identify the control that rotates the bucket in either the clockwise or the anti-clockwise.	
		To indicate that the clamshell bucket can be rotated either clockwise or anti-clockwise.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking along the open-close axis of the clamshell bucket.	
11.5		Clamshell bucket, rotate clockwise	ISO 7000-1497
		To identify the control that rotates the bucket in the clockwise direction.	
		To indicate that the bucket is rotating clockwise.	
	500	This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking along the open-close axis of the clamshell bucket.	
11.6	- IS	Clamshell bucket, rotate anti-clockwise	ISO 7000-1498
		To identify the control that rotates the bucket in the anti-clockwise direction.	
		To indicate that the bucket is rotating anti-clockwise.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking along the open-close axis of the clamshell bucket.	

12 Grapple symbols

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
12.1		Grapple	ISO 7000-1499
		To identify the control for the grapple, which uses grab arms to grasp and carry material.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking along the open-close axis of the clamshell bucket.	
12.2		Grapple, open	ISO 7000-1500
		To identify the control that opens the grapple to allow it to grasp material or to drop material.	20,
	RA	To indicate that the grapple is opening or is in the open position.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking along the open-close axis of the clamshell bucket.	
12.3		Grapple, close	ISO 7000-1501
		To identify the control that closes the grapple to hold material.	
		To indicate that the grapple is losing or is in the closed position.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking along the open-close axis of the clamshell bucket.	
12.4	□	Grapple, rotate	ISO 7000-1502
		To identify the control that rotates the grapple in either the clockwise or the anti-clockwise direction.	
		To indicate that the grapple is free to rotate in either clockwise or anti-clockwise direction.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking along the open-close axis of the clamshell bucket.	
12.5		Grapple, rotate clockwise	ISO 7000-2083
	OPA	To identify the control that rotates the grapple in the clockwise direction.	
\ \sigma_2	7	To indicate that the grapple is rotating clockwise.	
5		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking along the open-close axis of the clamshell bucket.	
12.6		Grapple, rotate anti-clockwise	ISO 7000-2084
		To identify the control that rotates the grapple in the anti-clockwise direction.	
	[7 7	To indicate that the grapple is rotating clockwise.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking along the open-close axis of the clamshell bucket.	

13 Dozer symbols

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
13.1	Г	Dozer (overhead view)	ISO 7000-3520
		To identify the dozer from an overhead (plan) view.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the dozer from above the machine.	
13.2		Dozer, forward direction of movement (overhead	ISO 7000-3 5 21
13.2	\	view of machine)	130 7000-3321
		To identify the control that moves the dozer in a forward direction.	2.70
		To indicate that the dozer is moving forward.	100
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the dozer from above the machine.	6 ^k
13.3		Dozer, rearward direction of movement (overhead view of machine)	ISO 7000-3522
		To identify the control that moves the dozer in a rearward direction.	
	V	To indicate that the dozer is moving rearward.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the dozer from above the machine.	
13.4	¬	Dozer blade	ISO 7000-1451
	□ □	To identify the control for the dozer blade.	
		To indicate the operational status of the dozer blade.	
13.5		Dozer blade, raise	ISO 7000-1452
1010		To identify the control that raises the dozer blade.	100 7000 1132
		To indicate that the dozer blade is being raised or is in the raised (up) position.	
13.6		Dozer blade, lower	ISO 7000-1453
	The state of the s	To identify the control that lowers the dozer blade.	
	est le	To indicate that the dozer blade is being lowered or is in the lowered (down) position.	
13.7		Dozer blade, hold	ISO 7000-1454
		To identify the control that holds the dozer blade in a specified position.	
	<u></u>	To indicate that the blade is in the hold condition.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
13.8		Dozer blade, float	ISO 7000-1455
		To identify the control that allows the dozer blade to move up and down with the contour of the ground.	
		To indicate that the blade is in the float condition.	
13.9	Г <u></u>	Dozer blade, pitch forward	ISO 7000-1461
	The	To identify the control that changes the angle (pitch) of the dozer blade forward away from the machine.	1
		To indicate that the blade is being angled forward.	2.20
13.10	Г	Dozer blade, pitch rearward	ISO 7000-1460
	71	To identify the control that changes the angle (ptch) of the dozer blade rearward toward the machine.	
		To indicate that the blade is being angled rearward.	
13.11		Dozer blade, tilt left	ISO 7000-1457
		To identify the control that tilts the dozer blade to the left so that the left side of the blade is lowered relative to the right side.	
		To indicate that the blade is being tilted downward to the left.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
13.12		Dozer blade, tilt right	ISO 7000-1456
		To identify the control that tilts the dozer blade to the right so that the right side of the blade is lowered relative to the left side.	
		To indicate that the blade is being tilted downward to the right.	
	ORROS,	This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
13.13		Dozer blade, angle left	ISO 7000-1459
	***	To identify the control that angles the dozer blade so that the right side of the blade is moved forward relative to the left side and material being pushed by the blade slides to the left of the machine.	
		To indicate that the blade is being angled rearward to the left.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the blade from above the machine.	1
13.14		Dozer blade, angle right	ISO 7000-1458
	**	To identify the control that angles the dozer blade so that the left side of the blade is moved forward relative to the right side and material being pushed by the blade slides to the right of the machine.	6AOS-2:1
		To indicate that the blade is being angled rearward the right.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the blade from above the machine.	

14 Grader symbols

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
14.1	Г ¬	Grader (side view of machine)	ISO 7000-3523
		To identify the grader from a side (profile) view.	
	8 00	Use as a base symbol for developing grader symbols that use a side (profile) view.	
		W.	
14.2	Г	Grader, forward direction of movement (side view of machine)	ISO 7000-3524
	← B-C	To identify the control that moves the grader in the forward direction.	
		To indicate that the grader is moving forward.	
14.3		Grader, rearward direction of movement (side view of machine)	ISO 7000-3525
	<i>\$</i> \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	To identify the control that moves the grader in the rearward direction.	
		To indicate that the grader is moving rearward.	
14.4	Г ¬	Grader, ground speed	ISO 7000-3569
	F	To identify the display that shows ground speed of the grader.	
		To indicate the ground speed of the grader.	
	L		

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
14.5	non 7	Articulated grader (overhead view of machine)	ISO 7000-2246
		To identify the articulated grader, where the front portion of the machine, including the blade, can be articulated left and right.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the grader from above the machine.	
14.6	T WAS	Articulated grader, steer left	ISO 7000-2247
		To identify the control that moves the front wheels of the machine, including the blade, to the left.	1
	의 없	To indicate that the machine is articulating to the left.	2.20
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the grader from above the machine.	2·*
14.7	Mary	Articulated grader, steer right	ISO 7000-2248
		To identify the control that moves the front wheels of the machine, including the blade, to the right	
	의 없	To indicate that the machine is articulating to the right.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the grader from above the machine.	
14.8		Articulated grader, return-to-straight	ISO 7000-3526
	()	To identify the control that returns the articulated grader to the straight ahead configuration.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the grader from above the machine.	
14.9	Г ¬	Grader blade (rear view)	ISO 7000-1503
	=	To identify the control for the grader blade functions that are depicted from a rear view.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
14.10		Grader blade, raise whole blade	ISO 7000-2085
		To identify the control that raises the grader blade while maintaining its current angle relative to the horizontal.	
X P		To indicate that the grader blade is being raised or is in the raised (up) position.	
5		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
14.11	Г , ¬	Grader blade, lower whole blade	ISO 7000-2086
		To identify the control that lowers the grader blade while maintaining its current angle relative to the horizontal.	
		To indicate that the grade blade is being lowered or is in the lowered (down) position.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	:2011
14.12		Grader blade, raise left side	ISO 7000-1506
		To identify the control that raises the left side of the grader blade to increase its angle from the horizontal.	6402
		To indicate that the left side of the grader blade is being raised or is in the raised (up) position.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
14.13	r_	Grader blade, lower left side	ISO 7000-1507
	VIII	To identify the control that lowers the left side of the grader blade to decrease its angle from the horizontal.	
		To indicate that the left side of the grader blade is being lowered or is in the lowered (down) position.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
14.14		Grader blade, right side, raise	ISO 7000-1504
	#	To identify the control that raises the right side of the grader blade to increase its angle from the horizontal.	
		To indicate that the right side of the grader blade is being raised or is in the raised (up) position.	
	- ARDS	This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
14.15	_ <u></u>	Grader blade, right side, lower	ISO 7000-1505
	G P	To identify the control that lowers the right side of the grader blade to decrease its angle from the horizontal.	
		To indicate that the right side of the grader blade is being lowered or is in the lowered (down) position.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
14.16	Г	Grader blade, side shift, left	ISO 7000-1509
	<u></u>	To identify the control that shifts the grader blade to the left relative to the frame of the machine.	
		To indicate that the grader blade is being shifted to the left side or is in the left side shift position.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
14.17		Grader blade, side shift, right	ISQ 7000-1508
	>	To identify the control that shifts the grader blade to the right relative to the frame of the machine.	2.20
		To indicate that the grader blade is being shifted to the right side or is in the right side shift position.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
14.18	Г	Grader blade (side view)	ISO 7000-2243
	7	To identify the control for grader blade functions that are depicted from a side (profile) view.	
		To indicate the operational status of the grader blade.	
14.19		Grader blade, pitch forward	ISO 7000-2244
	K	To identify the control that changes the angle (pitch) of the grader blade forward away from the machine.	
	, ,	To indicate that the blade is being angled forward.	
14.20		Grader blade, pitch rearward	ISO 7000-2245
	7)	To identify the control that changes the angle (pitch) of the grader blade rearward toward the machine.	
	S	To indicate that the blade is being angled rearward.	
14.21		Grader blade circle, rotate clockwise	ISO 7000-1510
	A CANCER	To identify the control that rotates the grader blade circle clockwise to increase the blade angle to the right or decrease the blade angle to the left.	
5	1 1 1	To indicate that the blade circle is rotating clockwise.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the blade circle from above the machine.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
14.22		Grader blade circle, rotate anti-clockwise	ISO 7000-1511
	Of A	To identify the control that rotates the grader blade circle anti-clockwise to increase the blade angle to the left or decrease the blade angle to the right.	
		To indicate that the blade circle is rotating anti-clockwise.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the blade circle from above the machine.	
14.23		Grader blade circle, shift left	ISO 7000-1513
	De	To identify the control that shifts the blade circle to the left relative to the longitudinal axis of the machine in order to extend the reach of the blade.	- NOS-7:11
		To indicate that the blade circle is being rotated to the left.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the blade circle from above the machine.	
14.24		Grader blade circle, shift right	ISO 7000-1512
	>V	To identify the control that shifts the blade circle to the right relative to the longitudinal axis of the machine in order to extend the reach of the blade.	
		To indicate that the blade circle is being rotated to the right.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the blade circle from above the machine.	
14.25		Grader, wheel lean, left	ISO 7000-1518
	F	To identify the control that leans the grader wheels to the left in order to assist in steering during operation of the grader.	
		To indicate that the wheels are leaning to the left.	
	CARDS	This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the grader forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	
14.26	L M,	Grader, wheel lean, right	ISO 7000-1517
		To identify the control that leans the grader wheels to the right in order to assist in steering during opera- tion of the grader.	
		To indicate that the wheels are leaning to the right.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the grader forward along the longitudinal axis of the machine.	

15 Scraper symbols

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
15.1	Г	Scraper bowl	ISO 7000-1523
		To identify the equipment that can be self-propelled, towed, or pushed to scrape, collect, and disperse material.	
		To identify the control for operation of the scraper bowl.	
		To indicate the operational status of the scraper bowl.	\wedge
15.2		Scraper bowl, raise	\$0 7000-1524
	$\uparrow \bigcirc$	To identify the control that raises the scraper bowl for travel mode or to limit the amount of material being scraped into the bowl.	2.1
		To indicate that the bowl is being raised or is in the raised (up) position.	
15.3		Scraper bowl, lower	ISO 7000-1525
	1 0	To identify the control that lowers the scraper bowl to position it for scraping or collecting material or to increase the amount of material being scraped into the bowl.	
		To indicate that the bowl is being lowered or is in the lowered (down) position.	
15.4		Scraper bowl, hold	ISO 7000-1526
		To identify the control that holds the scraper bowl in a constant position.	
		To indicate that the bowl is in the hold condition.	
15.5		Scraper apron	ISO 7000-2087
		To identify the control for operation of the scraper apron, which opens and closes to allow the desired amount of soil or other material to be collected in the scraper bowl.	
		To indicate the operational status of the scraper apron.	
15.6		Scraper apron, raise	ISO 7000-1527
48		To identify the control that raises the scraper apron to allow material to enter or exit the scraper bowl.	
5	__________________	To indicate that the apron is being raised or is in its raised (up) position.	
15.7		Scraper apron, lower	ISO 7000-1528
		To identify the control that lowers the scraper apron to prevent material from entering or exiting the scraper bowl.	
	_ ,\\\\\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	To indicate that the apron is being lowered or is in its lowered (down) position.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
15.8	<u> </u>	Scraper apron, hold	ISO 7000-1529
		To identify the control that holds the apron in its current position to maintain a constant opening to the scraper bowl.	
		To indicate that the apron is in the hold condition.	
15.9	Г	Scraper apron, float	ISO 7000-1530
		To identify the control that allows the opening of the scraper bowl to raise or lower depending on the level of ground beneath the bowl.	2:201
		To indicate that the apron is in the float condition.	102,
15.10	Г	Scraper ejector	ISO 7000-2088
	位	To identify the control for the scraper ejector, which moves forward to push the material out of the scraper bowl or rearward to allow material to enter the scraper bowl.	
		To indicate the operational status of the scraper ejector.	
15.11	Г	Scraper ejector, eject	ISO 7000-1531
	\$	To identify the control that moves the ejector bar from the rear of the scraper bowl to the front to push the material out of the scraper bowl.	
		To indicate that the ejector bar is moving in the ejection direction.	
15.12		Scraper ejector, return	ISO 7000-1532
		To identify the control that moves the ejector bar back to its ready position to allow material to be added to the scraper bowl.	
		To indicate that the ejector bar is moving in the return direction.	
15.13		Scraper ejector, hold	ISO 7000-1533
		To identify the control that holds the ejector bar in a constant position.	
	TAO .	To indicate that the ejector bar is in the hold condition.	
15.14	 	Scraper elevator	ISO 7000-2089
	Jan	To identify the control for the scraper elevator, which moves material toward either the front or rear of the scraper bowl.	
		To indicate the operational status of the scraper elevator.	
15.15		Scraper elevator, load	ISO 7000-1534
	3/2	To identify the control that operates the elevator to move material into the scraper bowl.	
	-CA	To indicate that the elevator is loading material.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
15.16		Scraper elevator, unload	ISO 7000-1535
	37/4	To identify the control that operates the elevator to move material out of the scraper bowl.	
		To indicate that the elevator is unloading material.	
15.17		Scraper, draft setting; average draft	ISO 7000-3527
		To identify the control that sets the average draft of the scraper.	1
		To indicate the average draft setting of the scraper.	2.201
15.18	Г, ¬	Scraper, initial draft setting, first scraper	ISO 7000-3528
		To identify the control that sets the initial draft of the first scraper.	
		To indicate the initial draft setting of the first scraper.	
15.19		Scraper, initial draft setting, second scraper	Application of
		To identify the control that sets the initial draft of the second scraper.	ISO 7000-3528
		To indicate the initial draft setting of the second scraper.	
15.20	Г, ¬	Scraper, initial draft setting, third scraper	Application of
		To identify the control that sets the initial draft of the third scraper.	ISO 7000-3528
	707	To indicate the initial draft setting of the third scraper.	
	L J	W.	

16 Excavator/backhoe symbols

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
16.1	Г	Excavator (side view of machine)	ISO 7000-3529
		To identify the excavator from a side (profile) view.	
		Use as a base symbol for developing excavator symbols that use a side (profile) view.	
		bois that use a side (proffle) view.	
16.2		Excavator, forward direction of movement (side view of machine)	ISO 7000-3530
	← 65	To identify the control that moves the excavator in the forward direction.	27:32
		To indicate that the excavator is moving forward.	CKO2
16.3	Г 7	Excavator, rearward direction of movement (side view of machine)	ISO 7000-3531
	₹3>	To identify the control that moves the excavator in the rearward direction.	
		To indicate that the excavator is moving rearward.	
16.4		Excavator/backhoe, hoe equipment	ISO 7000-1468
		To identify the equipment used on the excavator or backhoe to dig or scoop material.	
		To identify the control for operation of the hoe equipment of the excavator or backhoe.	
16.5		Excavator/backhoe, boom, raise	ISO 7000-1470
		To identify the control that raises the boom of the excavator or backhoe.	
		To indicate that the boom is being raised or is in the raised (up) position.	
16.6		Excavator/backhoe, boom, lower	ISO 7000-1469
	1	To identify the control that lowers the boom of the excavator or backhoe.	
		To indicate that the boom is being lowered or is in the lowered (down) position.	
16.7		Excavator/backhoe, boom, extend	ISO 7000-1472
		To identify the control that extends the boom away from the machine and increases the reach of the hoe equipment.	
		To indicate that the boom is being extended or is in the extended position.	
16.8		Excavator/backhoe, boom, retract	ISO 7000-1471
		To identify the control that retracts the boom toward the machine and reduces the reach of the hoe equipment.	
		To indicate that the boom is being retracted or is in the retracted position.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
16.9		Excavator/backhoe, boom, transport lock	ISO 7000-1486
		To identify the control that locks the boom to prevent its movement during transportation of the excavator or backhoe.	
	[C .]	To indicate that the boom is in the transport lock condition.	
16.10		Excavator/backhoe, arm, out	ISO 7 000-1474
	4	To identify the control that moves the arm outward away from the machine by increasing the angle between the boom and arm.	2:20:1
		To indicate that the arm is being moved outward or is in the out position.)
16.11		Excavator/backhoe, arm, in	ISO 7000-1473
	7	To identify the control that moves the arm toward the machine by decreasing the angle between the boom and arm.	
		To indicate that the arm is being moved inward or is in the in position.	
16.12		Excavator/backhoe, arm, extend	ISO 7000-1475
	1,	To identify the control that extends the arm and increases the reach of the hoe equipment.	
		To indicate that the arm is being extended or is in the extended position.	
16.13		Excavator/backhoe, arm, retract	ISO 7000-1476
		To identify the control that retracts the arm and decreases the reach of the hoe equipment.	
		To indicate that the arm is being retracted or is in the retracted position.	
16.14	Г <u></u>	Excavator/backhoe, bucket, dump	ISO 7000-1477
	Apsic	To identify the control that moves the tip of the bucket toward vertical to dump its contents.	
N N		To indicate that the bucket is being dumped or is in the dump position.	
16.15		Excavator/backhoe, bucket, dig (rollback)	ISO 7000-1478
		To identify the control that moves the tip of the bucket away from vertical to dig, lift, and carry material.	
		To indicate that the bucket is being rolled back or is in the dig (rollback) position.	
16.16		Excavator/backhoe, power boost	ISO 7000-2637
	+	To identify the control for the power boost function, which increases the power available to the hoe equipment by diverting power from other functions.	
		To indicate the operational status of the power boost function.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
16.17		Excavator/backhoe, quick coupler (attachment bracket), lock	ISO 7000-3532
		To identify the control that moves the quick coupler (attachment bracket) mechanism to the lock position.	
		To indicate that the quick coupler is in the lock position.	
		Engaging the control moves the engagement and locking mechanism but does not guarantee actual locking unless the parts are properly mated.	
16.18		Excavator/backhoe, quick coupler (attachment bracket), unlock	ISO 7000-3533
		To identify the control that moves the quick coupler (attachment bracket) mechanism to the unlock position.	25. J V
		To indicate that the quick coupler is in the unlock position.	GAN
16.19		Excavator/backhoe, work mode selector	ISO 7000-2638
		To identify the control by which the working mode of the excavator or backhoe is selected. The working mode can include a programmed series of actions that are taken repetitively with little or no interaction by the operator.	
		To indicate the current working mode.	
16.20		Excavator/backhoe, boom swing	ISO 7000-2090
	────────────────────────────────────	To identify the control that swings the boom either left or right.	
		To indicate the operational status of the boom swing function.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the boom and bucket from above the machine.	
16.21		Excavator/backhoe, boom swing, left	ISO 7000-1480
	[Carl	To identify the control that swings the boom to the left.	
	"/KS	To indicate that the boom is swinging to the left.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the boom and bucket from above the machine.	
16.22		Excavator/backhoe, boom swing, right	ISO 7000-1479
	5	To identify the control that swings the boom to the right.	
		To indicate that the boom is swinging to the right.	
	o	This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the boom and bucket from above the machine.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
16.23		Excavator/backhoe, boom swing lock	ISO 7000-1481
		To identify the control that locks the boom in a fixed position to present it swinging left or right.	
		To indicate that the boom is locked in its current position.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the boom and bucket from above the machine.	170
16.24		Excavator/backhoe, boom swing brake	180 7000–1482
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \	To identify the control that applies the swing brake to slow or stop the boom swing.	
	(0)	To indicate that the operational status of the boom swing brake.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the boom and bucket from above the machine.	
16.25		Excavator/backhoe, boom side shift	ISO 7000-2091
	T'	To identify the control that moves the boom laterally to allow operation of the boom and bucket from the offset right or offset left position.	
	_=	To indicate the operational status of the boom side shift function.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the boom and bucket from above the machine.	
16.26		Excavator/backhoe, boom side shift, left	ISO 7000-1483
	₩	to identify the control that moves the boom laterally to the left to allow operation of the boom and bucket from the offset left position.	
		To indicate that the boom is being shifted to the left.	
	CARDS	This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the boom and bucket from above the machine.	
16.27		Excavator/backhoe, boom side shift, right	ISO 7000-1484
SIA	\rightarrow	To identify the control that moves the boom laterally to the right to allow operation of the boom and bucket from the offset right position.	
		To indicate that the boom is being shifted to the right.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the boom and bucket from above the machine.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
16.28		Excavator/backhoe, boom side shift lock	ISO 7000-1485
		To identify the control that locks the boom in a fixed position to prevent it from shifting left or right.	
		To indicate that the boom is locked in its current position.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the boom and bucket from above the machine.	
16.29		Excavator/backhoe, offset boom	ISO 7000-34√6
	4	To identify the control for operation of the offset boom of the excavator or backhoe.	2.20
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the boom and bucket from above the machine.	6405
16.30		Excavator/backhoe, offset boom swing, left	ISO 7000-2249
		To identify the control that moves the offset boom to the left, thereby increasing the lateral reach of the hoe equipment.	
	 	To indicate that the offset boom is moving to the left.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the boom and bucket from above the machine.	
16.31		Excavator/backhoe, offset boom swing, right	ISO 7000-2250
	-	To identify the control that moves the offset boom to the right, thereby increasing the lateral reach of the hoe equipment.	
		To indicate that the offset boom is moving to the right.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the boom and bucket from above the machine.	
16.32		Excavator/backhoe, adjustable boom, raise	ISO 7000-3534
	1700	To identify the control that raises the adjustable boom of the excavator or backhoe.	
		To indicate that the adjustable boom is being raised or is in the raised (up) position.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
16.33		Excavator/backhoe, adjustable boom, lower	ISO 7000-3535
		To identify the control that lowers the adjustable boom of the excavator or backhoe.	
		To indicate that the adjustable boom is being raised or is in the lowered (down) position	
16.34		Excavator attachment, hydraulic hammer (breaker)	ISO 7000-3337
		To identify the control for operation of the hydraulic hammer (breaker).	-017
		To indicate the operational status of the hydraulic hammer (breaker).	2.20
		Symbol may be rotated to vertical, horizontal, or upward angled in actual application.	,
16.35	Г ^ ¬	Excavator attachment, hydraulic scissors (crusher)	ISO 7000-3338
		To identify the control for operation of the hydraulic scissors (crusher).	
		To indicate the operational status of the hydraulic scissors (crusher).	
		Symbol may be rotated to vertical, horizontal, or upward angled in actual application.	

17 Excavator/shovel symbols

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
17.1	Г ¬	Excavator/shovel, shovel equipment	ISO 7000-1487
		To identify the equipment used on the excavator to scoop or shovel material.	
		To identify the control for operation of the excavator/shovel equipment.	
17.2		Excavator/shovel, boom, raise	ISO 7000-1489
	OR J	To identify the control that raises the boom of the excavator/shovel.	
STA		To indicate that the boom is being raised or is in the raised (up) position.	
17.3		Excavator/shovel, boom, lower	ISO 7000-1488
		To identify the control that lowers the boom of the excavator/shovel.	
		To indicate that the boom is being lowered or is in the lowered (down) position.	
17.4	Г	Excavator/shovel, arm, out	ISO 7000-1490
		To identify the control that moves the arm outward away from the machine by increasing the angle between the boom and arm.	
		To indicate that the arm is moving outward or is in the out position.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
17.5	Г	Excavator/shovel, arm, in	ISO 7000-1491
		To identify the control that moves the arm inward toward the machine by decreasing the angle between the boom and arm.	
		To indicate that the arm is moving inward or is in the in position.	
17.6	□ □ □	Excavator/shovel, bucket, dump	ISO 7000-1492
		To identify the control that moves the tip of the bucket toward vertical to dump its contents.	1
		To indicate that the bucket is being dumped or is in the dump position.	27.20
17.7	₽	Excavator/shovel, bucket, dig (rollback)	ISO 7000-1493
		To identify the control that moves the tip of the bucket away from vertical to dig, lift, and carry material.) Or
		To indicate that the bucket is being rolled back on is in the dig (rollback) position.	

18 Loader symbols

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
18.1	Г	Loader bucket	ISO 7000-1437
		To identify the equipment used to scoop, carry, and dump material.	
		To identify the control for operation of the loader bucket.	
18.2		Loader bucket, raise	ISO 7000-1438
		To identify the control that raises the bucket by raising the loader lift arms.	
		To indicate that the bucket is being raised or is in the raised (up) position.	
18.3	[P]	Loader bucket, quick raise	ISO 7000-3536
	TA	To identify the control that rapidly raises the loader bucket	
18.4		Loader bucket, lower	ISO 7000-1439
		To identify the control that lowers the bucket by lowering the loader lift arms.	
		To indicate that the bucket is being lowered or is in the lowered (down) position.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
18.5		Loader bucket, hold	ISO 7000-1440
		To identify the control that holds the bucket in a constant position relative to the machine.	
		To indicate that the bucket is in the hold condition.	
18.6	Г ¬	Loader bucket, float	ISO 7000-1441
		To identify the control that allows the bucket the move up and down depending on the contour of the ground.	2011
		To indicate that the bucket is in the float condition.	2.
18.7		Loader bucket, extend	ISO 7000-2161
		To identify the control that extends the loader bucket away from the machine by lengthening the loader arms.	
		To indicate that the bucket is being extended or is in the extended (out) position.	
18.8	Г	Loader bucket, retract	ISO 7000-2162
		To identify the control that retracts the loader bucket toward the machine by shortening the loader arms.	
	\rightarrow	To indicate that the bucket is being retracted or is in the retracted (in) position.	
18.9		Loader bucket, dump	ISO 7000-1442
	V D≥	To identify the control that moves the tip of the bucket toward vertical to dump its contents.	
		To indicate that the bucket is being dumped or is in the dump position.	
18.10	F	Loader bucket, quick dump	ISO 7000-3537
		To identify the control that rapidly dumps the contents of the loader bucket.	
18.11		Loader bucket, rollback	ISO 7000-1443
S	7.	To identify the control that moves the tip of the bucket away from vertical to lift and carry material.	
		To indicate that the bucket is being rolled back or is in the rollback position.	
18.12		Loader bucket, rollback, automatic mode	ISO 7000-3538
		To identify the control that places the loader bucket rollback function into automatic mode of operation.	
	AUTO	To indicate that the loader bucket rollback function is in automatic mode of operation.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
18.13	Г	Loader bucket, return-to-carry	ISO 7000-3539
		To identify the control that returns the bucket to the carry position.	
18.14	Г 7	Loader bucket, return-to-dig	ISO7000-3540
		To identify the control that returns the bucket to the dig position.	2052:201
18.15	r M	Loader bucket, quick coupler (attachment bracket), lock	ISO 7000-3541
		To identify the control that locks the quick coupler (attachment bracket) for the loader bucket or other attachment.	
		To indicate that the quick coupler is in the locked position.	
		Engaging the control moves the engagement and locking mechanism but does not guarantee actual locking unless the parts are properly mated.	
18.16		Loader bucket, quick compler (attachment bracket), unlock	ISO 7000-3542
		To identify the control that unlocks the quick coupler (attachment bracket) for the loader bucket or other attachment.	
		To indicate that the quick coupler is in the unlocked position.	
18.17		Loader bucket grapple	ISO 7000-2200
		To identify the control for a loader bucket equipped with a grapple, which is used to secure material in the bucket during lifting, lowering, or transporting.	
18.18		Loader bucket grapple, open	ISO 7000-2201
	5/1	To identify the control that opens the grapple over the loader bucket.	
		To indicate that the grapple is being opened or is in the open position.	
18.19	Г	Loader bucket grapple, close	ISO 7000-2202
		To identify the control that closes the grapple over the loader bucket.	
		To indicate that the grapple is being closed or is in the closed position.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
18.20	Г	Loader, loading system failure	ISO 7000-3340
		To indicate that the loading system for the loader has failed or is malfunctioning.	
18.21	Г	Loader bucket, transport mode	ISO 7000-3472
		To identify the control that places the loader bucket into transport mode.	1
		To indicate that the loader bucket is in transport mode.	2.201
18.22	Г	Side-dump bucket	ISO 7000-2092
		To identify the control for the bucket that dumpsits contents from the side of the bucket.	
		To indicate the operational status of the side-dump bucket.	
18.23		Side-dump bucket, dump	ISO 7000-1449
		To identify the control that dumps the side-dump bucket by tilting the moveable side upward.	
		To indicate that the bucker is being dumped or is in the dump position.	
18.24		Side-dump bucket, return	ISO 7000-1450
		To identify the control that returns the side-dump bucket to its horizontal orientation.	
		To indicate that the bucket is returning or has returned to its horizontal orientation.	
18.25	r	Side-dump bucket, hold	ISO 7000-2093
		To identify the control that holds the side-dump bucket in a constant position.	
		To indicate that the side-dump bucket is in the hold condition.	
18.26	7	Multi-purpose bucket	ISO 7000-1445
SIR		To identify the type of bucket that performs multiple functions, such as grasping, scooping, carrying, and dumping.	
		To identify the control for operation of the multi-purpose bucket.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
18.27		Multi-purpose bucket, open	ISO 7000-1446
		To identify the control that opens the bucket by moving the bottom of the scoop away from the fixed base to allow the bucket to grasp items, to load material into the scoop, or to dump its contents.	
		To indicate that the bucket is opening or is in the open position.	
18.28		Multi-purpose bucket, close	ISO 7000-1447
		To identify the control that closes the bucket by moving the bottom of the scoop toward the fixed base to grasp items or to load material into the scoop.	0.2011
		To indicate that the bucket is closing or is in the closed position.	105,1
18.29		Multi-purpose bucket, hold	ISO 7000-1448
		To identify the control that holds the bucket components in a constant position.	
		To indicate that the bucket is in the hold condition.	

19 Skid-steer loader symbols

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
19.1	Г	Skid steer loader (side view of machine)	ISO 7000-3473
		To identify the skid steer loader from a side (profile) view.	
		Use as a base symbol for developing skid steer loader symbols that use a side (profile) view.	
19.2	Г 7	Skid steer loader, forward direction of movement (side view of machine)	ISO 7000-3543
	€000	To identify the control that moves the skid steer loader in a forward direction.	
	LIDAK	To indicate that the skid steer loader is moving forward.	
19.3	S/A/	Skid steer loader, rearward direction of movement (side view of machine)	ISO 7000-3544
	2607≯	To identify the control that moves the skid steer loader in a rearward direction.	
		To indicate that the skid steer loader is moving rearward.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
19.4		Skid steer loader (overhead view of machine)	ISO 7000-3474
		To identify the skid steer loader from an overhead (plan) view.	
	 	Use as a base symbol for developing skid steer loader symbols that use an overhead (plan) view.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the skid steer loader from above the machine.	
19.5	^	Skid steer loader, forward direction of movement (overhead view of machine)	ISQ 7000-3545
		To identify the control that moves the skid steer loader in a forward direction.	2.1
		To indicate that the skid steer loader is moving forward.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the skid steer loader from above the machine.	
19.6		Skid steer loader, rearward direction of movement (overhead view of machine)	ISO 7000-3546
		To identify the control that moves the skid steer loader in a rearward direction:	
	V	To indicate that the skin steer loader is moving rearward.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the skid steer loader from above the machine.	

20 Dumper symbols

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
20.1		Dumper (side view of machine)	ISO 7000-3547
		To identify the dumper from a side (profile) view.	
	00 00	Use as a base symbol for developing dumper symbols that use a side (profile) view.	
X P	L		
20.2		Dumper, forward direction of movement (side view of machine)	ISO 7000-3548
	←₽	To identify the control that moves the dumper in a forward direction.	
	L J	To indicate that the dumper is moving forward.	
20.3	_ ¬	Dumper, rearward direction of movement (side view of machine)	ISO 7000-3549
	₽₩>	To identify the control that moves the dumper in a rearward direction.	
		To indicate that the dumper is moving rearward.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
20.4	Г	Dumper, ground speed	ISO 7000-3550
		To identify the display that shows ground speed of the dumper.	
	€ 00	To indicate the ground speed of the dumper.	
20.5		Dumper, downhill (descent) speed control	ISO 7000-3551
		To identify the control that sets the maximum downhill (descent) speed of the dumper.	.1
		To indicate that the specified maximum downhill ground speed has been reached or exceeded.	2:201
20.6	Г	Dumper body	150 7000 - 2094
		To identify the portion of a dumper truck in which material is stored and transported.) GIA
	L J	¥ 0°	
20.7		Dumper body, tip up and return	ISO 7000-3475
		To identify the control that lifts the front of the dumper body to dump its contents (tip up) or lowers the front of the dumper body to return to its transport (carry) position.	
20.8		Dumper body, tip up	ISO 7000-1519
	17	To identify the control that lifts the front of the dumper body from the porizontal to dump its contents.	
		To indicate that the dumper body is being tipped up or is in the tipped up position.	
20.9	Г	Dumperbody, return	ISO 7000-1520
		To identify the control that lowers the front of the dumper body toward the horizontal and returns the body to its transport (carry) position.	
	LIDARD	To identify the control that lowers the front of the dumper body toward the horizontal.	
	AND"	To indicate that the dumper body is being returned to or is in the transport (carry) position.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
20.10	Г	Dumper body, hold	ISO 7000-1521
		To identify the control that holds the dumper body in a constant position.	
		To indicate that the dumper body is in the hold condition.	
20.11	Г	Dumper body, float	ISO 7000-1522
	1	To identify the control that allows the dumper body to move up and down.	1
		To indicate that the dumper body is in the float condition.	2.201
20.12	Г	Dumper body, system failure	ISO 7000-3341
		To indicate that the dumper body system has failed or is malfunctioning.	

21 Ground-engaging equipment (ripper and scarifier) symbols

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
21.1	_ ¬	Ground-engaging equipment (ripper or scarifier)	ISO 7000-2096
		To identify the control for the machine attachment that is used to rip, scrape, or loosen the ground or material for subsequent removal or dispersal.	
		To indicate the operational status of the ripper or scarifier.	
	60.	Multiple rippers or scarifiers can be identified by Arabic numerals, with "1" indicating the most forward on the machine.	
21.2		Ground-engaging equipment (ripper or scarifier), raise	ISO 7000-2097
	OPE	To identify the control that raises the ripper or scarifier.	
CAR	L 	To indicate that the ripper or scarifier is being raised or is in the raised position.	
9		Multiple rippers or scarifiers can be identified by Arabic numerals, with "1" indicating the most forward on the machine.	
21.3	□	Ground-engaging equipment (ripper or scarifier), lower	ISO 7000-2098
		To identify the control that lowers the ripper or scarifier.	
		To indicate that the ripper or scarifier is being lowered or is in the lowered position.	
		Multiple rippers or scarifiers can be identified by Arabic numerals, with "1" indicating the most forward on the machine.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
21.4	П	Ground-engaging equipment (ripper or scarifier), hold	ISO 7000-2099
		To identify the control that holds the ripper or scarifier in a constant position.	
		To indicate that the ripper or scarifier is in the hold condition.	
		Multiple rippers or scarifiers can be identified by Arabic numerals, with "1" indicating the most forward on the machine.	.1
21.5		Ground-engaging equipment (ripper or scarifier), float	ISO 7000-2251
		To identify the control that allows the ripper or scarifier to move up or down according to the contour of the ground.	6405-1
		To indicate that the ripper or scarifier is in the float position.	
		Multiple rippers or scarifiers can be identified by Arabic numerals, with "1" indicating the most forward on the machine.	
21.6		Ground-engaging equipment (ripper or scarifier), pitch in	ISO 7000-2252
	4	To identify the control that causes the ground-engaging portion of the ripper or scarifier to pitch forward (in) to decrease the angle of engagement with the ground.	
		To indicate that the ripper or scarifier is being pitched in or is in the pitched in position.	
		Multiple rippers or scarifiers can be identified by Arabic numerals, with "1" indicating the most forward on the machine.	
21.7		Ground-engaging equipment (ripper or scarifier), pitch out	ISO 7000-2253
	> > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > >	To identify the control that causes the ground-engaging portion of the ripper or scarifier to pitch rearward (out) to increase the angle of engagement with the ground.	
	ADA.	To indicate that the ripper or scarifier is being pitched out or is in the pitched-out position.	
	STA	Multiple rippers or scarifiers can be identified by Arabic numerals, with "1" indicating the most forward on the machine.	

22 Winch symbols

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
22.1		Winch	ISO 7000-1176
		To identify the control for the equipment used for pulling an object toward the machine or allowing the object to move away from the machine to which the object is attached by means of a rope or cable.	
	L	To indicate the operational status of the winch.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the winch from above the machine.	2017
22.2	 	Winch, spool out	150 7000-1539
		To identify the control that unwinds the winch cable while tension is applied to control movement of the attached object.	
		To indicate that the winch is spooling out.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the winch from above the machine.	
22.3	_ 	Winch, spool in	ISO 7000-1538
		To identify the control that winds the winch cable to pull the attached object toward the machine.	
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	To indicate that the winch is spooling in.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the winch from above the machine.	
22.4		Winch, free spool	ISO 7000-1540
		To identify the control that allows the winch cable to unwind with uncontrolled tension.	
	- -	To indicate that the winch is in the free spool condition.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the winch from above the machine.	
22.5	FILLED	Winch, lock	ISO 7000-2070
		To identify the control that locks the winch to prevent movement of the reel.	
		To indicate that the winch is locked.	
. 0		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the winch from above the machine.	
22.6	Г ¬	Winch, brake	ISO 7000-2071
		To identify the control that slows or stops the movement of the winch reel.	
		To indicate the operational status of the winch brake.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
22.7		Winch oil	ISO 7000-3509
		To identify the fill point for winch oil.	
		To identify the container for winch oil.	
22.8	Г. "¬	Winch oil pressure	ISO 7000-3510
		To identify the display that provides information about the winch oil pressure.	1
		To indicate the winch oil pressure.	2.201
22.9		Winch angle	1507000-3000
	<u> </u>	To indicate the maximum angle at which the winch can reel in or reel out.	G/K
		To indicate the angle at which the winch is reeling in or reeling out.	
		The symbol is used together with a number that indicates the maximum or actual winch angle in degrees.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the winch from above the machine.	

23 Trencher symbols

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
23.1	Г	Digging boom	ISO 7000-2254
	4/	To identify the control for equipment used to dig a furrow or trench.	
		To indicate the operational status of the digging boom.	
23.2	Г б	Digging boom, raise	ISO 7000-2255
		To identify the control that raises the digging boom of trenching equipment.	
	KAN,	To indicate that the digging boom is being raised or is in the raised (up) position.	
23.3		Digging boom, lower	ISO 7000-2256
	-	To identify the control that lowers the digging boom of trenching equipment.	
		To indicate that the digging boom is being lowered or is in the lowered (down) position.	
23.4	Г_ ¬	Digging chain, forward rotation	ISO 7000-2257
	W.	To identify the control that rotates the digging chain from top to bottom around the digging boom to pull soil out of the trench.	
		To indicate that the digging chain is rotating in the forward direction.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
23.5		Digging chain, reverse rotation	ISO 7000-2258
	11:	To identify the control that rotates the digging chain from bottom to top around the digging boom.	
		To indicate that the digging chain is rotating in the reverse direction.	
23.6	Г	Digging chain, disengage	ISO 7000-2259
		To identify the control that stops the rotation of the digging chain by disengaging its drive mechanism.	1
		To indicate that the digging chain is disengaged and therefore cannot operate.	1.70
23.7		Digging boom, side shift	ISO 7000-2260
		To identify the control that shifts the trencher digging boom laterally from left to right (or right to left) for operation in that area.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the digging boom from above the machine.	
23.8		Digging boom, side shift left	ISO 7000-2261
		To identify the control that shifts the trencher digging boom laterally to the left.	
		To indicate that the trencher digging boom is shifting laterally to the left.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the digging boom from above the machine.	
23.9		Digging boom, side shift right	ISO 7000-2262
		To identify the control that shifts the trencher digging boom laterally to the right.	
		To indicate that the trencher digging boom is shifting laterally to the right.	
	ARDSIS	This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the digging boom from above the machine.	
23.10		Digging boom, side shift lock	ISO 7000-2263
SIR		To identify the control that locks the trencher side shift to prevent lateral movement of the digging boom.	
		To indicate that the side shift control is locked and the digging boom cannot shift laterally.	
		This symbol is viewed from the perspective of a person looking at the digging boom from above the machine.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
23.11	Г	Trench cleaner	ISO 7000-2264
		To identify the equipment that removes debris from the trencher.	
		To identify the control for operation of the trench cleaner.	
23.12	Г	Trench cleaner, raise	ISO 7000-2265
	→	To identify the control that raises the cleaner on the trencher.	.2011
		To indicate that the trench cleaner is being raised or is in the raised (up) position.	105.7.
23.13	Г .¬	Trench cleaner, lower	ISO 7000-2266
		To identify the control that lowers the cleaner on the trencher.	
		To indicate that the trench cleaner is being lowered or is in the lowered (down) position.	
23.14	Г ¬	Trencher conveyor	ISO 7000-2267
	*	To identify the control for the conveyor equipment to move soil along the trench.	
		To indicate the operational status of the trencher conveyor.	
23.15		Trencher conveyor, side shift out	ISO 7000-2268
		To identify the control that extends the trencher conveyor.	
		To indicate that the conveyor is being extended or is in the extended (out) position.	
23.16	Г. ¬	Trencher conveyor, side shift in	ISO 7000-2269
		To identify the control that retracts the trencher conveyor.	
		To indicate that the conveyor is being retracted or is in the retracted (in) position.	
23.17	KR 7	Trencher conveyor, left rotation	ISO 7000-2270
	9	To identify the control that operates the conveyor to move soil to the left of the trencher.	
		To indicate that the conveyor is rotating to the left.	
23.18		Trencher conveyor, right rotation	ISO 7000-2271
		To identify the control that operates the conveyor to move soil to the right of the trencher.	
	*	To indicate that the conveyor is rotating to the right.	

	Graphical symbol	Symbol title and description	ISO/IEC registration number
23.19	Г	Disk trencher	ISO 7000-2272
		To identify the equipment that uses a rotating disc to cut the trench.	
		To identify the control for operation of the disk trencher.	
23.20	Г	Disk trencher, raise	ISO 7000-2273-
	T. FA	To identify the control that raises the disk relative to ground level.	.2011
		To indicate that the disk is being raised or is in the raised (up) position.	
23.21	Г "¬	Disk trencher, lower	ISO 7000-2274
	E-	To identify the control that lowers the disk relative to ground level.	
		To indicate that the disk is being lowered or is in the lowered (down) position.	
23.22	Г	Disk trencher, forward rotation	ISO 7000-2275
	\Box	To identify the control that rotates the disk in the forward direction.	
		To indicate that the disk is rotating forward.	
23.23	Г ~ ¬	Disk trencher, rearward rotation	ISO 7000-2276
	\sim	To identify the control that rotates the disk in the rearward direction.	
		To indicate that the disk is rotating rearward.	
23.24	Г. СОП	Disk trencher, disengage	ISO 7000-2277
		To identify the control that disengages or deactivates operation of the disk.	
	DELLE	To indicate that the disk is disengaged.	
23.25		Disk trencher, stabilizer	ISO 7000-2278
5		To identify the equipment used to add stability to the disk trencher during operation.	
		To identify the control for operation of the stabilizer.	
23.26		Disk trencher, raise stabilizer	ISO 7000-2279
		To identify the control that raises the stabilizer.	
	TOTA	To indicate that the stabilizer is being raised or is in the raised (up) position.	